

Make a change for yourself... make a change for the better.

Ask yourself:

☐ Am I active enough?

To get the most out of exercise, be active 30 minutes a day, 5 days a week. Everyday activities such as brisk walking are effective and free. At least twice a week, try to do muscle strengthening exercises such as yoga, hand weights, sit-ups, or push-ups. Exercise will help you maintain a healthy weight, sleep better, reduce stress, and lower your risk of heart disease, stroke, diabetes, and cancer. For more information, visit: www.doh.wa.gov/cfh/NutritionPA/

■ Could I be eating better?

Build your meals around fresh vegetables, fruits, and other foods high in calcium and fiber, such as leafy greens, whole grains, and low-fat or fat-free dairy products. Craving fat, salt, sugar, or caffeine? Try to avoid too much of them and remember that those foods only make you feel good for a short time. Focus on healthier foods and you will not only feel better, you will reduce your risk of heart disease, stroke, diabetes, and cancer. For more information, visit: www.doh.wa.gov/cfh/NutritionPA/



☐ Why do I need a daily multivitamin?

Your body needs vitamins to function and you don't always get enough through meals. Two important ones for women are folic acid and vitamin D. Folic acid is a B vitamin that your body needs daily to make healthy new cells and prevent birth defects. Vitamin D helps your body build healthy bones. One way to get the recommended amount is to take a daily multivitamin. Make sure the label says 400 mcg or 100% next to folic acid and includes at least 400 IU of vitamin D3. For more information, visit: www.cdc.gov/nutrition/everyone/basics/vitamins/

■ How are my teeth?

Oral health is an essential part of general health. Problems with teeth, gums, or other parts of the mouth can be related to other serious illnesses—like diabetes, heart disease, and cancer. Brush your teeth twice a day with fluoride toothpaste and floss daily. To find a dentist, visit:

www.doh.wa.gov/cfh/Oral Health/findcare.htm

Does it run in the family?

Some diseases, like diabetes, heart disease, and osteoporosis, may run in your family. Ask your family about their health. Keep a record of your family's health history and share it with your doctor. It's good to know now what your risks are and what you can do about them. Let your doctor know if you are adopted or do not know your family's health history. For more information on creating a family health history, visit: www.hhs.gov/familyhistory/

■ How often should I see my doctor?

You should try to see your doctor every year or two for a check-up and to get the immunizations and test you need, such as regular Pap and STD tests. Your doctor can help you stay healthy through prevention, screening, and treatment. Screening offers lifesaving opportunities to prevent health problems or catch them at an early stage, when they can be treated most easily. If you don't have medical insurance or have questions about your insurance, visit: www.womenshealth.gov/faq/health-insurance-women.cfm





■ Am I getting enough sleep?

With your busy life, it is sometimes difficult to find the time to get enough sleep but you should be getting at least 7–9 hours of sleep every night. Not getting enough sleep may increase your risk of depression, obesity, diabetes, and heart disease. For tips on how to get a good night's rest, visit: www.cdc.gov/sleep/hygiene.htm



Could my sadness actually be depression?

Everybody feels sad sometimes, but sadness that goes on for more than 2 weeks can affect your relationships, your work, and your life. It may be a sign of depression. Talk to someone you trust if you feel sad. Your mental health is essential to your overall health. If you or someone you know is thinking about suicide, call the 24-hour National Suicide Prevention Lifeline for help: **1-800-273-8255**

Are my relationships safe?

Women who have trusting, honest, and respectful relationships are healthier. Relationships won't always be free of anger or hurt, but you should not feel scared, humiliated, or controlled. Examine your relationships. If you feel you are in an abusive relationship of any kind, call the National Domestic Violence Hotline for help: **1-800-799-7233**

■ Am I protecting myself?

If you are sexually active, take charge and prevent unintentional pregnancy, STDs, and HIV. Protect yourself and choose birth control that's right for you. If your birth control method fails, know your options, including emergency contraception. For more information, call the Washington State Family Planning Hotline: **1-800-770-4334**

☐ How can I get help to quit smoking?

Quitting smoking isn't easy but it is one of the best things you can do for your health. There are effective and free resources, such as the Quit Line, available to help you quit. Being around a smoker is also harmful to your health. Avoid secondhand smoke. To get help for you or a friend, call Washington's confidential Tobacco Quit Line for support: **1-800-QUIT-NOW** (**1-800-784-8669**)

☐ How much is too much to drink?

Drinking too much alcohol can lead to serious injuries or health problems. Most women should limit their use to 1 drink per day. One drink equals: 1 beer (12 oz), or 1 glass of wine (5 oz), or 1 shot of 80-proof hard liquor (1.5 oz) in a mixed drink. If you are concerned about your drinking, call Washington's 24-hour Alcohol/Drug Helpline: **1-800-562-1240**

■ Am I abusing drugs?

Sometimes drug abuse is not obvious. You may have started a medication, like pain killers, and now you cannot stop. If you are misusing over-the-counter or prescription medications or using illegal drugs, help is available for you. Call Washington's 24-hour Alcohol/Drug Helpline: **1-800-562-1240**



www.doh.wa.gov/cfh/women

For persons with disabilities this document is available on request in other formats. To submit a request, please call 1-800-525-0127 (TTY/TDD 1-800-833-6388).







Dear Colleague,

The Washington State Department of Health (DOH) provides print-ready files (PDFs) of health education materials. To ensure that the original quality of the piece is maintained, please read and follow the instructions below and the specifications included for professional printing.

- Use the latest version. DOH materials are developed using the most current information available, are checked for clinical accuracy, and are field tested with the intended audience to ensure they are clear and readable. DOH programs make periodic revisions to educational materials, so please check this web site to be sure you have the latest version. DOH assumes no responsibility for the use of this material or for any errors or omissions.
- **Do not alter**. We are providing this artwork with the understanding that it will be printed without alterations and copies will be free to the public. Do not edit the text or use illustrations or photographs for other purposes without first contacting us. Please do not alter or remove the DOH logo, publication number or revision date. If you want to use a part of this publication for other purposes, contact the Office of Health Promotion first.
- For quality reproduction: Low resolution PDF files are intended for black and white or color desktop printers. They work best if you are making only one or two copies. High resolution PDF files are intended for reproducing large quantities and are set up for use by professional offset print shops. The high resolution files also include detailed printing specifications. Please match them as closely as possible and insist on the best possible quality for all reproductions.

If you have questions, contact:
Office of Health Promotion
P.O. Box 47833 Olympia, WA 98504-7833
(360) 236-3736

Sincerely, Health Education Resource Exchange Web Team

PRINTING SPECIFICATIONS

Title: Make a change for yourself... make a change for the better.

Size: 8.5 x 11

Paper: 80# matte text, white

Ink color: 4-color process

Special instructions: 2-sided printing

DOH Pub #: 160-016